## CI W Series Multi-function Counter User Manual

Features:
Counting speed up to 20KCPS
Free setting ratio 0.00001~999999
Universal input. Choose "NPN" or "PNP" input through software

- Batch or total accumulation function (except CI4W), optional 1 RS485 communication interface.
-Widely used in light industry, packaging, printing, textile, food and other industries for quantity and length counting.

* To use this product safely and correctly and to prevent serious accidents, please company with the following points.
※ Safety Caution can be divided into two parts: "Warning" and "Caution", which means the following:
§ Warning Failure to follow this point can result in serious injury or injury. Caution Failure to follow this point can result in injury or product damage.
* The instruction of the symbol in the manual is as below.

Indicates that accidents or dangers may occur under special circumstances.

## Warning

1. Dual safety protection devices must be installed when used in machines that have a medium impact on people and property, such as: nuclear power control, medical equipment, vehicles, railways, aviation, combustion equipment, entertainment equipment, etc. Failure to do so may result in fire, death or property damage.
2. Be sure to install the panel when using it, otherwise there is danger of electric shock.
3. Do not perform maintenance work while the power is on, otherwise there is danger of electric shock.
4. Do not modify this product without authorization, otherwise it may cause electric shock or fire.

## Caution

1. Do not use the product outdoors. Failure to do so may shorten the life of the product or cause an electric shock
2. When wiring the power input terminal and relay output terminal, please use the AWG NO. $20(0.50 \mathrm{~mm} 2)$ cable The torque of the screw is kept at $0.7 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m} \sim 0.9 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m}$. If the contact is poor, it may cause a fire.
3. Please use the product within the rated specifications. Otherwise, the life of the product will be shortened and there is a fire hazard.
4. Please ensure the loading less than the allowable capacity of the relay contacts. Failure to do so may result in poor insulation, contact melting, poor contact, relay damage, fire, etc.
5. Do not use water or organic solvents when cleaning. Wipe with a dry towel. Failure to do so may cause electric shock or fire.
6. Avoid using this product in places that are flammable and explosive, humid, direct sunlight, heat radiation, vibration, etc. Failure to do so may cause a fire or explosion.
7. Do not allow dust or cable residue to enter the inside of the product. Failure to do so may cause fire or damage to the product.

## 1. Model Illustration

| $\mathbf{W}$ | Version Code |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | Blank |
| 8 | RS485 Communication Port |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Dual line 6 digits LED display |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | 2 Alarms |
| $\mathbf{R}$ | Relay |
| Blank | AC/DC $100 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| F | AC/DC 24 V |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 48 \mathrm{~W} \times 97.5 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 7 | $72 \mathrm{H} \times 72 \mathrm{~W} \times 97.5 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 8 | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 96 \mathrm{~W} \times 97.5 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $\mathbf{C l}$ | Cl Series multi-function batch counter |

Series

## 2. Model List

| Model | Panel Size <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Alarm <br> output | Batch | Communication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CI4-RC60W | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 48 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | No | No |
| CI4-RC68W | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 48 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | No | RS485 |
| CI7-RC60W | $72 \mathrm{H} \times 72 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | 1 Relay | No |
| CI7-RC68W | $72 \mathrm{H} \times 72 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | 1 Relay | RS485 |
| CI8-RC60W | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 96 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | 1 Relay | No |
| CI8-RC68W | $48 \mathrm{H} \times 96 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 | 1 Relay | RS485 |

## 3. Technical Specifications

| Series |  | Cl4W | CI7W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CI8W |  |  |  |
| Display digits |  | 6 | 6 |
| Text height | Measured value | 10 mm | 13 mm |
| Setting value |  | 7 mm | 9 mm |
| Power <br> Supply | High voltage type | AC / DC 100-240V $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
|  | Low Voltage type | AC / DC $20-28 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |


| Allowable voltage <br> variation range |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Power <br> Consumption | High voltage type <br> Low Voltage type |
| INA/INB max counting speed |  |
| Minimum signal pulse width |  |


| Input type |  |  | Select voltage input mode or no voltage input mode <br> - Voltage input mode: Input impedance: $5.4 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$, "H" level voltage: $5-30 \mathrm{VDC}$, "L" level voltage: 0-2VDC <br> - No voltage input mode: input impedance: $1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ or less, short circuit residual voltage: 2VDC or less |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time output delay |  |  | 0.01~499.99s |  |  |
| Control | C | Contact capacity | 250VAC 3A Resistive load |  |  |
| output |  | SSR capacity | below 30VDC , below 100 mA |  |  |
| External power supply |  |  | $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$, below 100 mA |  |  |
| Power failure memory |  |  | $\geq 10$ years |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $>100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  |  |
| Withstand voltage |  |  | 60 seconds below 2000VAC 50/60Hz |  |  |
| Anti-interference (AC power) |  |  | $\pm 4 \mathrm{KV}$ interference square wave (amplitude 1us) generated by the analog jammer is applied between the power input terminals |  |  |
| Vibration shock | Vibration resistant |  | $10 \sim 55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (1 minute period) amplitude 0.75 mm X, Y, Z 1 hour in each direction |  |  |
|  | Malfunction \& impact resistance |  | $10 \sim 55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (1 minute period) amplitude 0.5 mm X, $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z} 10$ minutes in all directions $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2(30 \mathrm{G}) \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z}, 3$ times in each direction |  |  |
|  |  | Malfunction | 100m/s2(10G)X, Y, Z, 3 times in each direction |  |  |
| Relay life |  | Mechanical | above 10 million times |  |  |
|  |  | Electric | above 100,000 times |  |  |
| IP Grade |  |  | IP65 for panel |  |  |
| Environment |  | Ambient temperature | -10~55, Storage: -25~65 |  |  |
|  |  | Ambient Humidity | 35~85\%RH, Storage: 35~85\%RH |  |  |
| Certificate |  |  | CE |  |  |
| Weight |  |  | about 159g | about 169g | about 253g |

The surrounding environment must be in line with no ice, * no
condensation. The weight here is the product net weight without packing.

## 4.Communication parameters

| Communication Protocol | Modbus RTU ( 16bit CRC ) |
| :---: | :--- |
| Communcation type | RS485 |
| Applicable specifications | EIA RS485 Standard |
| Maximum connection quantity | 31 pcs ( communication add setting : 1~247) |
| Connection methord | Two-wire half-duplex |
| Communication synchronization | Asynchronous |
| Communication <br> effective distance | 800 m Max |
| Communication speed | $2,400 / 4,800 / 9,600 / 19,200 \mathrm{bps}$ <br> (Factory settings: 9,600bps) |
| Start bit | 1 bit ( fixed ) |
| Data bit | 8 bit ( fixed ) |
| Parity check | None, Even, Odd ( Factory settings: None) |
| Stop bit |  |
| 2 |  |

## 5. Panel Indication

(1) Measured value display (red LED) - Measurement status: Displays the count value (default). Displays the batch or total when the ACCUMAGE menu(ACCUM) setting is BATCH. 1 or TOTAL. 1.

- Setting status: Display setting
(2) Setting value display (green LED) - Measuring status: Display setting value (default). The counting value is displayed when theaccumulation menu (ACCUM) is set to BATCH. 1
 or TOTAL. 1.
- Setting Status: Displays the contents of the settings.
(3) Setting value indicator:

When PS1 light is on: Displays the OUT1 setting value When PS2 light is on: Displays the OUT2 setting value. When BA.S light is on: Displays the batch/total setting value.
(4) When OUT1 light is on: the first counting output action.

When OUT2 light is on: the second counting output action. When BA.O light is on: the batch/total output action.
5 Lock button indicator:
When the lock function is selected through the LOCK menu, the indicator is always on.
(6) Reset button:

Press the BST button in the measurement state, the output is reset, and the counting value is reset to the initial value.
(7) Batch button:

- Short press the BA button in the measurement state to switch to the batch/total view mode. At this time, the BA.S light is on, the upper row shows the batch/total counting value, and the lower row shows the batch/total setting value.
- Long press the BA button in the measurement state, and the batch/total counting value is reset to zero.
Cl4 series products do not have batch/total counting function, no such button.
(8) Function button
- Press the MD button in the measurement state to switch between the PS1 and PS2 settings.
- Long press the button for 5 S in the measurement state to enter the setting state.
- Press the MD button while the measurement status or setting value is modified. Confirm that the current modification is saved and switch to the next menu.
(9) Modify button:
- In the measurement state, short press the MD button or the button to select the setting value to be modified. Press the $\qquad$ to enter the modification state of the current setting value (the LED flashes at this time), continue to press the button to make the flashing position moving left for one bit.
- Short press the $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ button in the setting state or setting value modification state to change the setting content or increase the flashing digit by one bit.
- Short press the button in the setting state or setting value modification state to change the setting content or decrease the flashing digit by one bit.


## 6. Dimension



## 7. Input Connection

1.Product wiring diagram (if there is a difference with the instrument wiring diagram, please refer to the instrument wiring diagram


## 2. Input Connection

## 2-1. Input logic: no voltage input (NPN)

A.Solid state input (standard sensor: NPN output type sensor)

B.Contact access (counting speed should be set to $1 \mathrm{cps}, 30 \mathrm{cps}$ )


## 2-2.Input logic:.voltage input(PNP)

A. Solid state input(standard sensor: NPN output type sensor)

B.Contact access (counting speed should be set to $1 \mathrm{cps}, 30 \mathrm{cps}$ )


## 3. Output Connection

A.Relay output(standard)

Counter

B.Transistor output(to be ordered) Counter


## 8. Menu operation

1, Menu state transition diagram


Remark 1) In the state of changing the preset value, if no button is pressed for 60 seconds, it will automatically return to the running state, and the setting data will not be saved.

2．How to change the 2nd way count setting（PS2）from 175 to 180


Press the MD
button in the measurement state to make the PS2 light press the 10 button to enter the set value modification mode，and the lowest bit


Press the $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$
button to
decrease the value to 0 ．


Press the
button to flash the second digit


Press the button to add the $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ flashing digit value to 8 ， press buttom to confirm the change and exit the setingt value modification mode．

3．Batch counting and its output action
3－1．How to change batch setting（BA．S）from 175 to 160

## （1） <br> 

Press the button in the measurement state to make the BA．S light on，


## Press the $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$

 button to decrease the flashing digit value to 0 ．
（4）button to
enter the
setting value
modification
mode，and the
lowest bit
flashes．
3－2．Batch counting
－The batch counting value is accumulated upwards and can only be reset to zero by an external batch reset signal or by pressing the BA button．
－If the batch counting value exceeds 999999，it will automatically return to zero and restart counting．
－The batch count value is not affected by the button and the external count reset signal．
－Batch alarm output when the number of count alarm outputs is equal to the batch set value．
3－3．Batch output action
－If the batch output is ON．It will remain ON until the batch reset signal arrives．
－If the batch output is ON．The batch output should remain ON after the meter is powered off and re－powered，until the external batch reset signal arrives．


3－4．Batch counting application case
When the counting value reaches the preset value $=5$ ，the counting value of the batch is increased by 1 ，
and the product issues the control model（OUT）to the control box，send the filled box，and then send an empty box in the batch．
The action is repeated until the processing batch reaches the target batch （200 batches）．After the batch setting value $=200$ ，
the batch output is ON．After the conveyor receives the batch control signal， the loading is terminated，then issue a packaging signal for delivery．


4．Menu flow and default settings


## 5．Ratio factor function

Ratio factor can set the multiple of each signal（pulse）to be converted into the actual length，flow，position，etc
The function of setting the multiple is called ratio factor function．If it is necessary to move any length $L$ to $P$ pulses，then the ratio factor $=$ L／P．。

For example：using a counter and a rotary encoder to control the length．


【The diameter（D）of the encoder roller is 22 mm ，and the number of pulses per encoder is 1000 pulse．】
$\begin{aligned} \text {＊Preset value } & =\frac{\pi \times \text { Diameter of the roller（D）}}{\text { Number of pulses per revolution of the encoder }} \\ & =\frac{3.1416 \times 22}{1000} \\ & =0.069 \mathrm{~mm} / \text { Pulse }\end{aligned}$

In the function of decimal point setting mode，select one digit after the decimal point．（－－－－－－）
In the function of setting mode，use $(\mathbb{\bigotimes}, \boldsymbol{\otimes})$ the left，down，and up keys to set and set to 0.069 ．
This can adjust the position of the conveyor belt in 0.1 mm units．
6．Menu Description

| Setting Items | Setting content |
| :---: | :---: |
| Menu Password PGd | 7000 $\rightarrow 9999$ <br> Enter the preset menu password before entering the menu setting state．If the password is wrong for 3 consecutive times，it will automatically return to the measurement state （initial password 0000） |
| Input Mode in | $\rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{d} \rightarrow \mathrm{U}$ d－R $\rightarrow \mathrm{Ud}-\mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \mathrm{d}-\mathrm{C}]$ <br> If the output mode is $S, T, D$ ，the input mode can only select Ud－A，B，C |
| Counting Speed ［PS |  <br> The counting speed indicates the maximum input frequency allowed by INA and INB． If it is set to 5 K ，the input signal frequency exceeds 5 K and the counting will be inaccurate． |
| Output Mode out | ※Up or Down input mode $\Gamma F \rightarrow n \rightarrow\left[\rightarrow \Gamma \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{q} \rightarrow \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \overline{\square_{1}}\right.$ <br> ※Up／Down－A，B，C input mode $\mapsto_{\mathrm{n}} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{r} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{q} \rightarrow \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \text { d } \rightarrow \overline{n_{-}}$ |
| Output Delay Time <br> out！ <br> －いに2 |  menu（1 channel alarm product does not have this menu）．Setting range： $0.01 \mathrm{~s}-499.99 \mathrm{~s}$（more than 499.99 will display＂HOLD＂．At this time，OUT1 will keep output for a long time until the reset signal input or OUT2 delayed output ends．ロأاヒ2：OUT2 Output delay time setting menu Setting range： $0.01 \mathrm{~s}-499.99 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Input logic S！ | $\curvearrowleft \mathrm{P}_{n}$ ：NPN type sensor may have no voltage input． <br> PゥP：PNP type sensor or no voltage input |
| Min reset time rSt | $1 \nleftarrow \mathrm{BCM}$ |
| $\underset{\Delta p}{\text { Decimal point }}$ | $\square$ <br> ＊Set the counting value and demical point of the setting value． |
| Coefficient value SCL | R．SUC RST button：change the demical point of coefficient value |
| Initial Value $\underline{\square}$ | $-99999 \rightarrow 999999$ <br> Initial value：count value after manual or automatic reset． |
| Batch accumulation and display mode R［ELin | bRELH：Accumulate by batch，batch count value and count value are displayed separately <br> LDLRL ：Accumulate by quantity，total count value and count value are displayed separately <br> bRt［ 1 I：Accumulate by batch，batch count value（upper row）and count value（lower row）are displayed at the same time <br> LDLRL． 1 ：Accumulate by total number，total count value （upper row）and count value（lower row）are displayed at the same time |
| Power <br> failure memory <br> dRLER | CLrE $\leftrightarrow r E\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { LLLE ：Count value reset after power off } \\ \text { rEL ：Count value keeps after power off }\end{array}\right.$ |
| Meter Address Rod | $1 \rightarrow 247$ <br> The communication address of the counter can be set arbitrarily between 1－247 |
| Baud rate bRtio |  |
| Calibration method PrEy |  |
| Communication subsequence ardEr | ［ $1234 \rightarrow 432$ ：$\rightarrow 2$ ： 43$]$ <br> Transmission order of communication data in words |
| Key Lock LoL！ |  |
| Menu Password Setting PSa5EL | 7000 $\rightarrow 9939$ <br> Menu password change（Please record the changed password properly，otherwise you will not be able to enter the setup menu） |
| Software version LIEr | Software version for the counter meter |

9．Input logic diagram
2．Input mode

| Input mode | Counting Diagram | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{(U p)}{\dot{U}}$ |  | When INA is counting input，INB stops countinginput． <br> When INB is counting input，INA stops counting input． |
| $\begin{gathered} d \\ (\text { Down ) } \end{gathered}$ |  | When INA is counting input，INB stops counting input． <br> When INB is counting input，INA stops counting input． |
| Ud－月 <br> （Up／Down－A） |  | ＊INA：Counting input <br> INB：Counting instruction input <br> ＊When INB＝＂L＂， add＂UP＂to count When INB＝＂H＂， minus＂DOWN＂ to count |
| Ud－b <br> （Up／Down－B） |  | ※INA：Input count up INB：Input count down <br> \％If INA，INB change from L to H at the same time，then maintain the previous count value． |
| Ld- [ <br> （Up／Down－C） |  | When the A，B inputphases of the encoder are connected to the counter INA，INB， please use the phase difference input （Ud－C）in the counter input mode（in）． |

※（A）is above the minimum signal pulse width．
（B）is more than $1 / 2$ of the minimum signal pulse width，and if it is below this signal pulse width，a count error of $\pm 1$ will occur．


※ Explaination of＂H＂，＂L＂on the counting chart

| Letter | Input method | Voltage Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | $5-30 V D C$ | Contactless input |
| L | $0-2 V D C$ | Open circuit（Open） |

＊Minimum signal pulse width for each counting speed $1 \mathrm{cps}=1 \mathrm{~Hz}$
Counting Speed Min signal pulse width

| Counting Speed | Min signal pulse width |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 c p s}$ | 500 ms |
| $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{c p s}$ | 16.7 ms |
| $\mathbf{1 k c p s}$ | 0.5 ms |


| Counting Speed | Min signal pulse width |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5 k c p s}$ | 0.1 ms |
| $\mathbf{1 0 k c p s}$ | 0.05 ms |

3．Output Mode

|  | One－shot Output（0．01－99． <br> －HoLD Output | － | ne－shot Output |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outpu Mode |  | Input Mode |  | Description |
|  | Up | Down | UD－A，B，C |  |
| $F$(F) | RESET П П \＃ | 7 П | П П П | After count－up，counting display value increases or decreases untill reset signal is applied and retained output is maintained． |
|  | 999999 ： |  |  |  |
|  | PS2－－1－a | － | A－A |  |
|  | OU11 |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |


| One-shot Output (0.01-99.99s)HOLD Output |  |  |  | LD Output $\quad \square \longleftarrow \begin{aligned} & \text { Output at the } \\ & \text { same time }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outpu | Input Mode |  |  | Description |
| Mode | Up | Down | UD-A, B, C |  |
| T ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  | After count-up, counting display value and retained output are maintained until reset signal is applied. |
| $\frac{\Gamma}{\text { (C) }}$ |  |  | 7 | When count-up, counting display value will be reset and count simultaneously. OUT1 retained output will be off after OUT2 one-shot time The one-shot output time of OUT1 one-shot output time is operated regardless of OUT2 output. |
| (R) |  |  |  | After count-up, counting display value is reset after one-shot output time of OUT2 and it counts simultaneously. OUT1 retained output will be off after OUT2 one-shot time. OUT1 one-shot output time is operated regardless of OUT2 output. |
| (K) | $\qquad$ |  |  | After count up, counting display value increases or decreases untill RESET input is applied. OUT1 retained output is off after OUT2 one-shot time. OUT1 one-shot output time is operated regardless of OUT2 output. |
| (P) |  |  |  | After count-up, counting display valueis maintained while OUT 2 output is on, reset and counts simultaneously. When OUT2 output is off, displays counting value while OUT2 is ON , and it increases or decreases. OUT1 retained output is off after OUT2 one-shot time. OUT1 one-short output time is output. |
| (Q) |  |  |  | After count up, counting display value increases or decreases during OUT2 one-shot time. OUT1 retained output is off after OUT2 one-shot time. OUT1 one-shot output time is operated regardless of OUT2 output. |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Output } \\ & \text { Mode } \end{aligned}$ | Input Mode | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Up/Down-A, B, C |  |
| 日 (A) |  | After count up, counting display value and OUT1 retained output are maintained until RESET input is applied. OUT1 one-shot output time is operated regardless of OUT2 output. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{i} \\ & \text { (M) } \end{aligned}$ |  | When display value=integral multiple of PS1,OUT1 output reset automatically after delay time. <br> When display value=PS2, OUT1 output reset automatically after delay time displayed value will return immediately to Initial state, output reset after setting time |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & (\mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |  | OUT1 and OUT2 keep on Status in following condition: Counting display value $\geq$ PRESET1 Counting display value $\geq$ PRESET2 |
| L <br> (T) |  | OUT1 output is off: Counting display $\geq$ PRESET1 (when PRESET1 is 0, OUT1 output maintains ON state) OUT2 keeps ON status in following condition: Counting display value $\geq$ PRESET2 |
| (D) |  | When counting display value is equal to setting value (PRESET1, PRESET2) only, OUT1 and OUT2 output keeps ON status. When setting 1 kcps for counting speed, solid state relay output should be used. |

[^0] ※ The preset value of OUT1, OUT2 cannot be set to 0 In all output modes.

## $\square$ Simple troubleshooting of instrument

1. The meter does not count or the counting is wrong
-Check whether the connecting wire of the instrument is correct
-Check whether the input signal, level and frequency of the sensor are correct, and whether the output indicator of the sensor flashes with the working condition -Check whether the input mode (IN) and counting speed (CPS) of the instrument meet the application requirements.
-Check whether the ratio (coefficient) SCL is correct.
2. The set value cannot be modified or the panel reset key does not respond
-Check whether the LOCK key protection menu has selected the key protection function.
3. The instrument displays "Error"
-The scale factor SCL must be less than or equal to the set value of PS1 and PS2.
Otherwise, the "Error" prompt will be displayed
4. The count value cannot be reset to 0
-Check whether the initial value W is not equal to 0 .

## $\square$ Installation Precautions

1. When the power supply is ON/OFF:

The initial 100 ms after power on is the power supply rising period, and 500 ms after power off is the power supply falling period, which is an unstable period. Therefore, input signals after 100 of power on, and power on
2. Input signal cable
(1)The distance from the detection sensor to our product should be as short as possible.
(2)If you need a long input signal cable, please use a shielded cable
(3) Input signal cable, power cable and power cable shall be wired separately
3. Contact input

If the contact is used in the counter high speed mode ( $1 \mathrm{k}, 5 \mathrm{k}, 10 \mathrm{k}, 20 \mathrm{kcps}$ ), when there is counting input, the contact will vibrate when opening and closing, resulting in abnormal input signals and inaccurate counting. Therefore, the contact should be used in the low speed mode ( 1 cps or 30 cps ).
4. When installing the product on the control panel and conducting the withstand voltage and insulation impedance test.
(1) Completely separate the circuit of this product from the control panel
(2)Short circuit all terminals of the product.
5. Avoid using in the following places:
(1)Places with strong vibration or impact
(2) Places where strong acid and alkali substances are used
(3)Places with direct sunlight
(4) Near the machine where strong magnetic field and electronic interference occur
6. Installation environment
(1) Indoor (2)Pollution Degree 2
(3)Below 2000 m above sea level (4) Installation Category II

## $\square$ Communication protocol

1. For the communication protocol, please refer to the General MODBUS-RTU Communication Protocol for Counting, Timing and Frequency Products, which can be obtained by contacting the sales.

[^0]:    ※ The OUT output of the 1 -segment countermeter is the same as the OUT2 output of the 2 -segment counter meter

